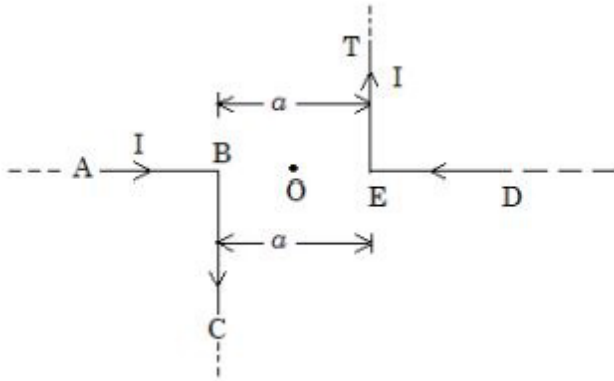


- 8) Two particles of equal mass 'm' move in a circle of radius 'r' under the action of their mutual gravitational attraction. The speed of each particle will be:

a) $\sqrt{\frac{Gm}{4r}}$ b) $\sqrt{\frac{4Gm}{r}}$
 c) $\sqrt{\frac{Gm}{2r}}$ d) $\sqrt{\frac{Gm}{r}}$

- 9) The magnitude of magnetic induction at mid point O due to current arrangement as shown in Fig will be



a) $\frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi a}$ b) $\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi a}$
 c) $\frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi a}$ d) 0

- 10) Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.

Assertion A: If dQ and dW represent the heat supplied to the system and the work done on the system respectively. Then according to the first law of thermodynamics $dQ = dU - dW$.

Reason R: First law of thermodynamics is based on law of conservation of energy.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- a) A is not correct but R is correct
 b) A is correct but R is not correct
 c) Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A
 d) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A

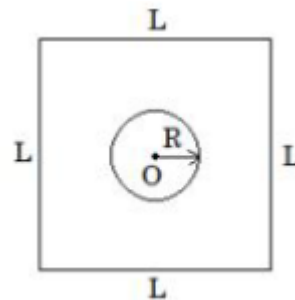
- 11) Match List I with List II:

	List I (Physical Quantity)		List II (Dimensional Formula)
a.	Pressure gradient	i.	$[M^0 L^2 T^{-2}]$
b.	Energy density	ii.	$[M^1 L^{-1} T^{-2}]$
c.	Electric Field	iii.	$[M^1 L^{-2} T^{-2}]$
d.	Latent heat	iv.	$[M^1 L^1 T^{-3} A^{-1}]$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

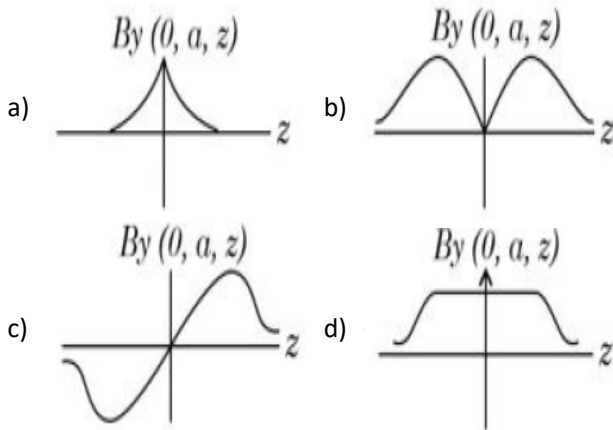
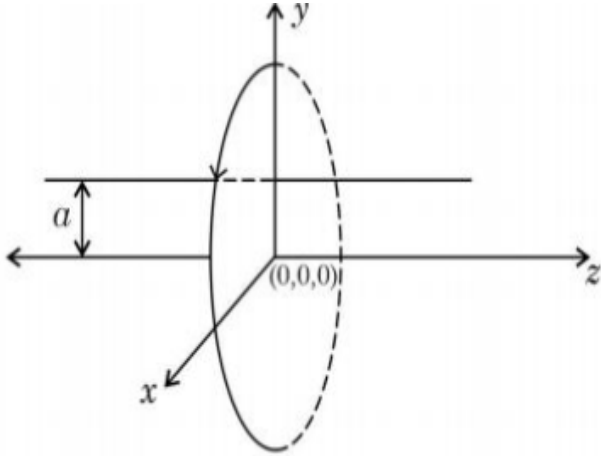
- a) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
 b) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I
 c) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
 d) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I

- 12) Find the mutual inductance in the arrangement, when a small circular loop of wire of radius 'R' is placed inside a large square loop of wire of side L ($L \gg R$). The loops are coplanar and their centres coincide.

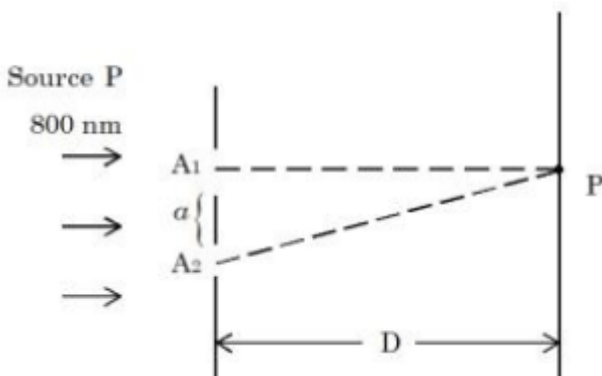


a) $M = \frac{\sqrt{2}\mu_0 R^2}{L}$ b) $M = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\mu_0 R^2}{L}$
 c) $M = \frac{2\sqrt{2}\mu_0 R}{L^2}$ d) $M = \frac{\sqrt{2}\mu_0 R}{L^2}$

- 13) A single current carrying loop of wire carrying current I flowing in anticlockwise direction seen from +ve z direction and lying in xy plane is shown in figure. The plot of \hat{j} component of magnetic field (B_y) at a distance 'a' (less than radius of the coil) and on yz plane vs z coordinate looks like



- 14) In Young's double slit experiment, two slits are illuminated with a light of wavelength 800 nm. The line joining A_1P is perpendicular to A_1A_2 as shown in the figure. If the first minimum is detected at P, the value of slits separation 'a' will be :



The distance of screen from slits $D = 5$ cm

- a) 0.4 mm b) 0.5 mm
c) 0.1 mm d) 0.2 mm

- 15) A bicycle tyre is filled with air having pressure of 270 kPa at 27°C . The approximate pressure of the air in the tyre when the temperature increases to 36°C is

- a) 278 kPa b) 262 kPa
c) 270 kPa d) 360 kPa

- 16) If the height of transmitting and receiving antennas are 80 m each, the maximum line of sight distance will be: Given: Earth's radius = 6.4×10^6 m

- a) 36 km b) 64 km
c) 32 km d) 28 km

- 17) A stone is projected at angle 30° to the horizontal. The ratio of kinetic energy of the stone at point of projection to its kinetic energy at the highest point of flight will be-

- a) 4 : 3 b) 4 : 1
c) 1 : 2 d) 1 : 4

- 18) In a cuboid of dimension $2L \times 2L \times L$, a charge q is placed at the center of the surface 'S' having area of $4L^2$. The flux through the opposite surface to 'S' is given by

- a) $\frac{q}{6\epsilon_0}$ b) $\frac{q}{2\epsilon_0}$
c) $\frac{q}{12\epsilon_0}$ d) $\frac{q}{3\epsilon_0}$

- 19) A car is moving on a horizontal curved road with radius 50 m. The approximate maximum speed of car will be, if friction between tyres and road is 0.34. [take $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$]

- a) 13 ms^{-1} b) 3.4 ms^{-1}
c) 22.4 ms^{-1} d) 17 ms^{-1}

- 20) Ratio of thermal energy released in two resistors R and $3R$ connected in parallel in an electric circuit is:

- a) 1 : 27 b) 1 : 3
c) 1 : 1 d) 3 : 1

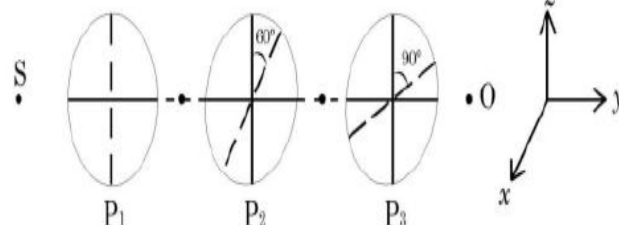
- 21) A solid sphere of mass 2 kg is making pure rolling on a horizontal surface with kinetic energy 2240 J. The velocity of centre of mass of the sphere will be _____ ms^{-1} .

)

- 22) In a metre bridge experiment the balance point is obtained if the gaps are closed by $2\ \Omega$ and $3\ \Omega$. A shunt of $X\ \Omega$ is added to $3\ \Omega$ resistor to shift the balancing point by 22.5 cm. The value of X is)
- 23) A body cools from 60°C to 40°C in 6 minutes. If, temperature of surroundings is 10°C . Then, after the next 6 minutes, its temperature will be _____ $^\circ\text{C}$.)
- 24) A 0.4 kg mass takes 8s to reach ground when dropped from a certain height 'P' above surface of earth. The loss of potential energy in the last second of fall is _____ J. (Take $g = 10\ \text{m/s}^2$))
- 25) A tennis ball is dropped on to the floor from a height of 9.8 m. It rebounds to a height 5.0 m. Ball comes in contact with the floor for 0.2s. The average acceleration during contact is _____ ms^{-2} .
(Given $g = 10\ \text{ms}^{-2}$))
- 26) A point charge $q_1 = 4q_0$ is placed at origin. Another point charge $q_2 = -q_0$ is placed at $x = 12$ cm. Charge of proton is q_0 . The proton is placed on x axis so that the electrostatic force on the proton is zero. In this situation, the position of the proton from the origin is _____ cm.)

- 27) As shown in the figure, three identical polaroids P_1 , P_2 and P_3 are placed one after another. The pass axis of P_2 and P_3 are inclined at angle of 60° and 90° with respect to axis of P_1 . The source S has an intensity of $256\ \frac{W}{m^2}$

The intensity of light at point O is _____ $\frac{W}{m^2}$



)

- 28) A certain elastic conducting material is stretched into a circular loop. It is placed with its plane perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field $B = 0.8\ \text{T}$. When released the radius of the loop starts shrinking at a constant rate of $2\ \text{cms}^{-1}$. The induced emf in the loop at an instant when the radius of the loop is 10 cm will be _____ mV.)
- 29) A radioactive element ${}^{242}_{92}\text{X}$ emits two α -particles, one electron and two positrons. The product nucleus is represented by ${}^{234}_P\text{Y}$. The value of P is)
- 30) Two simple harmonic waves having equal amplitudes of 8 cm and equal frequency of 10 Hz are moving along the same direction. The resultant amplitude is also 8 cm. The phase difference between the individual waves is _____ degree.)

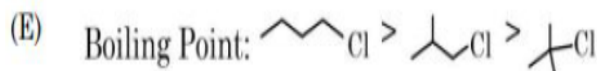
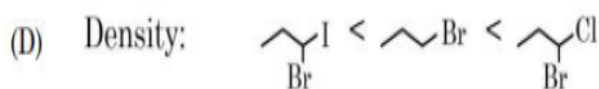
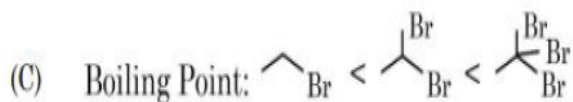
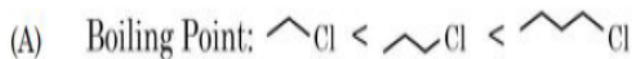
CHEMISTRY

- 31) **During the borax bead test with CuSO_4 , a blue green colour of the bead was observed in oxidizing flame due to the formation of**
- a) Cu_3B_2 b) $\text{Cu}(\text{BO}_2)_2$
c) Cu d) CuO

- 32) Which of the given compounds can enhance the efficiency of hydrogen storage tank?
- a) Di-isobutylaluminium hydride b) $NaNi_5$
 c) Li/P_4 d) SiH_4
- 33) Which of the following salt solutions would coagulate the colloid solution formed when $FeCl_3$ is added to NaOH solution, at the fastest rate?

- 10 mL of 0.15 mol 10 mL of 0.1 mol
 a) $dm^{-3} CaCl_2$ b) $dm^{-3} Na_2SO_4$
- 10 mL of 0.1 mol 10 mL of 0.2 mol
 c) $dm^{-3} Ca_3(PO_4)_2$ d) $dm^{-3} AlCl_3$

- 34) Identify the correct order for the given property for following compounds.



Choose the correct answer from the option given below.

- a) (B), (C) and (D) only b) (A), (C) and (E) only
 c) (A), (B) and (E) only d) (A), (C) and (D) only
- 35) Compound that will give positive Lassaigne's test for both nitrogen and halogen is:
- a) NH_4Cl b) $NH_2OH.HCl$
 c) $CH_3NH_2.HCl$ d) $N_2H_4.HCl$

- 36) The increasing order of pK_a for the following phenols is

(A) 2, 4-Dinitrophenol

(B) 4-Nitrophenol

(C) 2, 4, 5-Trimethylphenol

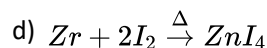
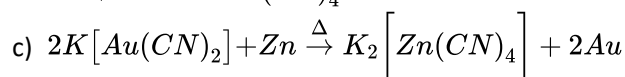
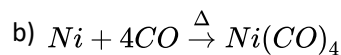
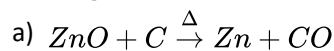
(D) Phenol

(E) 3-Chlorophenol

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

- a) C, D, E, B, A b) A, B, E, D, C
 c) C, E, D, B, A d) A, E, B, D, C

- 37) The reaction representing the Mond process for metal refining is



- 38) Chiral complex from the following is:

Here en = ethylene diamine

- a) $cis-[PtCl_2(NH_3)_2]$ b) $trans-[PtCl_2(en)_2]^{2+}$
 c) $[Co(NH_3)_4Cl_2]^+$ d) $cis-[PtCl_2(en)_2]^{2+}$

- 39) "A" obtained by Ostwald's method involving air oxidation of NH_3 , upon further air oxidation produces "B". "B" on hydration forms an oxoacid of Nitrogen along with evolution of "A". The oxoacid also produces "A" and gives positive brown ring test.

Identify A and B, respectively.

- a) NO_2, N_2O_5 b) N_2O_3, NO_2
 c) NO, NO_2 d) NO_2, N_2O_4

- 40) The shortest wavelength of hydrogen atom in Lyman series is λ . The longest wavelength in Balmer series of He^+ is

- a) $\frac{9\lambda}{5}$ b) $\frac{5}{9\lambda}$
 c) $\frac{5\lambda}{9}$ d) $\frac{36\lambda}{5}$

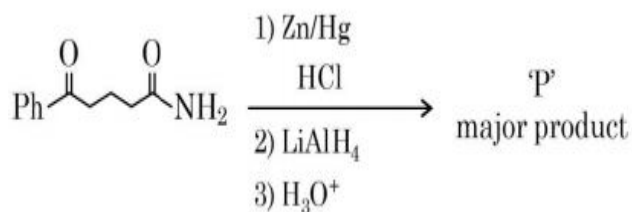
49) Match List I with List II

	List I (Reaction)		List II (Reagents)
a.	Hoffmann Degradation	i.	Conc. KOH, Δ
b.	Clemenson reduction	ii.	CHCl_3 , $\text{NaOH}/\text{H}_3\text{O}^{\oplus}$
c.	Cannizaro reaction	iii.	Br_2 , NaOH
d.	Reimer-Tiemann Reaction	iv.	Zn-Hg/HCl

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

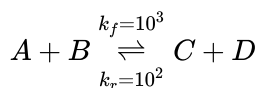
- a) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii b) a-ii, b-iv, c-i, d-iii
c) a-ii, b-i, c-iii, d-iv d) a-iii, b-iv, c-ii, d-i

50) The major product 'P' for the following sequence of reactions is :



- a) $\text{Ph}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2$ b) $\text{Ph}-\text{CH}(\text{OH})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2$
c) $\text{Ph}-\text{CH}(\text{OH})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{OH}$ d) $\text{Ph}-\text{CH}(\text{OH})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}(\text{OH})-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}_2$

51) Consider the following reaction approaching equilibrium at 27°C and 1 atm pressure

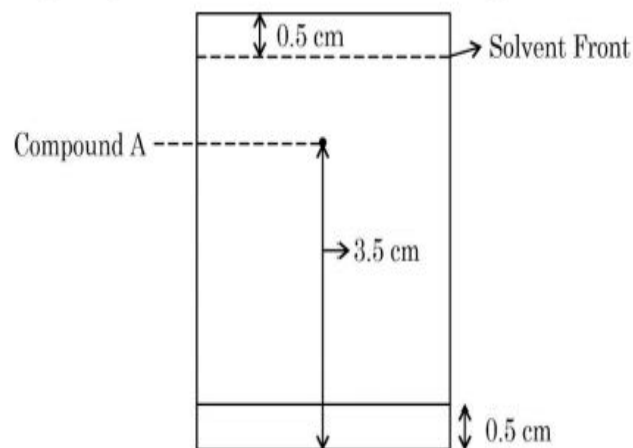


The standard Gibb's energy change ($\Delta_r G^\ominus$) at 27°C is (-) _____ kJ mol^{-1} (Nearest integer).

(Given : $R = 8.3 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ and $\ln 10 = 2.3$)

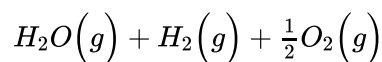
)

52) Following chromatogram was developed by adsorption of compound 'A' on a 6 cm TLC glass plate. Retardation factor of the compound 'A' is _____ $\times 10^{-1}$



)

53) Water decomposes at 2300 K



The percent of water decomposing at 2300 K and 1 bar is _____ (Nearest integer).

Equilibrium constant for the reaction is 2×10^{-3} at 2300 K.

)

54) For certain chemical reaction $X \rightarrow Y$, the rate of formation of product is plotted against the time as shown in the figure. The number of correct statement/s from the following is

- A. Over all order of this reaction is one
B. Order of this reaction can't be determined
C. In region I and III, the reaction is of first and zero order respectively
D. In region II, the reaction is of first order
E. In region II, the order of reaction is in the range of 0.1 to 0.9

)

62) If the vectors

$$\vec{a} = \lambda \hat{i} + \mu \hat{j} + 4\hat{k}, \quad \vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$$

and $\vec{c} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ are coplanar and the projection of \vec{a} on the vector \vec{b} is $\sqrt{54}$ units, then the sum of all possible values of $\lambda + \mu$ is equal to

- a) 18 b) 0
c) 6 d) 24

63) A light ray emits from the origin making an angle 30° with the positive x-axis. After getting reflected by the line $x + y = 1$, if this ray intersects x-axis at Q, then the abscissa of Q is

- a) $\frac{2}{(\sqrt{3}-1)}$ b) $\frac{2}{3+\sqrt{3}}$
c) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}$ d) $\frac{2}{3-\sqrt{3}}$

64) Let $y = f(x)$ be the Solution of the differential equations $y(x+1)dx - x^2dy = 0$, $y(1) = e$.

Then $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x)$ is equal to

- a) 0 b) e^2
c) $\frac{1}{e^2}$ d) $\frac{1}{e}$

65) Let $f(x) = x + \frac{a}{\pi^2-4} \sin x + \frac{b}{\pi^2-4} \cos x$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$ be a function which satisfies

$f(x) = x + \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(x+y)f(y)dy$. Then (a + b) is equal to

- a) $-2\pi(\pi - 2)$ b) $-\pi(\pi - 2)$
c) $-2\pi(\pi + 2)$ d) $-\pi(\pi + 2)$

66) Let $[x]$ denote the greatest integer $\leq x$. Consider the function $f(x) = \max(x^2, 1 + [x])$. Then the value of the integral

$$\int_0^2 f(x) dx \text{ is}$$

- a) $\frac{1+5\sqrt{2}}{3}$ b) $\frac{5+4\sqrt{2}}{3}$
c) $\frac{4+5\sqrt{2}}{3}$ d) $\frac{8+4\sqrt{2}}{3}$

67) Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function such that

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2+2x+1}{x^2+1}. \text{ Then}$$

- a) $f(x)$ is one-one in $[1, \infty)$ but not in $(-\infty, \infty)$
b) $f(x)$ is one-one in $(-\infty, \infty)$
c) $f(x)$ is many-one in $(-\infty, -1)$
d) $f(x)$ is many-one in $(1, \infty)$

68) Let Δ be the area of the region $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 \leq 21, y^2 \leq 4x, x \geq 1\}$. Then

$\frac{1}{2} \left(\Delta - 21 \sin^{-1} \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}} \right)$ is equal to

- a) $2\sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}$ b) $2\sqrt{3} - \frac{2}{3}$
c) $\sqrt{3} - \frac{2}{3}$ d) $\sqrt{3} - \frac{4}{3}$

69) Let $A = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y \geq 0, 2x$

$$\leq y \leq \sqrt{4 - (x-1)^2}\} \text{ and}$$

$$A = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} : 0 \leq y$$

$$\leq \min\left\{2x, \sqrt{4 - (x-1)^2}\right\}\}$$

Then the ratio of the area of A to the area of B is

- a) $\frac{\pi-1}{\pi+1}$ b) $\frac{\pi+1}{\pi-1}$
c) $\frac{\pi}{\pi-1}$ d) $\frac{\pi}{\pi+1}$

70) For two non-zero complex numbers z_1 and z_2 , if $\operatorname{Re}(z_1 z_2) = 0$ and $\operatorname{Re}(z_1 + z_2) = 0$, then which of the following are possible?

- A. $\operatorname{Im}(z_1) > 0$ and $\operatorname{Im}(z_2) > 0$
B. $\operatorname{Im}(z_1) < 0$ and $\operatorname{Im}(z_2) > 0$
C. $\operatorname{Im}(z_1) > 0$ and $\operatorname{Im}(z_2) < 0$
D. $\operatorname{Im}(z_1) < 0$ and $\operatorname{Im}(z_2) < 0$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- a) B and C b) B and D
c) A and B d) A and C

80) Let B and C be the two points on the line $y + x = 0$ such that B and C are symmetric with respect to the origin. Suppose A is a point on $y - 2x = 2$ such that ΔABC is an equilateral triangle. Then, the area of the ΔABC is

- a) $\frac{10}{\sqrt{3}}$ b) $3\sqrt{3}$
 c) $\frac{8}{\sqrt{3}}$ d) $2\sqrt{3}$

81) If all the six digit numbers $x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6$ with $0 < x_1 < x_2 < x_3 < x_4 < x_5 < x_6$ are arranged in the increasing order, then the sum of the digits in the 72th number is)

82) Let the coefficients of three consecutive terms in the binomial expansion of $(1 + 2x)^n$ be in the ratio 2: 5: 8. Then the coefficient of the term, which is in the middle of these three terms, is.
)

83) Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a differentiable function that satisfies the relation $f(x + y) = f(x) + f(y) - 1$, $\forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}$. If $f'(0) = 2$, then $|f(-2)|$ is equal to)

84) Let the equation of the plane P containing the line $x + 10 = \frac{8-y}{2} = z$ be $ax + by + 3z = 2(a+b)$ and the distance of the plane P from the point $(1, 27, 7)$ be c. Then $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$ is equal to)

85) Let \vec{a} , \vec{b} and \vec{c} be three non-zero non-coplanar vectors. Let the position vectors of four points A, B, C and D be $\vec{a} - \vec{b} + \vec{c}$, $\lambda\vec{a} - 3\vec{b} + 4\vec{c}$, $-\vec{a} + 2\vec{b} - \vec{c}$ and $2\vec{a} - 4\vec{b} + 6\vec{c}$ respectively. If \vec{AB} , \vec{AC} and \vec{AD} are coplanar, then λ is equal to)

86) Five digit numbers are formed using the digits 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 with repetitions and are written in descending order with serial numbers. For example, the number 77777 has serial number 1. Then the serial number of 35337 is)

87) Let the co-ordinates of one vertex of ΔABC be $A(0, 2, \alpha)$ and the other two vertices lie on the line $\frac{x+\alpha}{5} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z+4}{3}$. For $\alpha \in \mathbb{Z}$, if the area of ΔABC is 21 sq units and the line segment BC has length $2\sqrt{21}$ units, then α is equal to)

88) If the co-efficient of x^9 in $(\alpha x^3 + \frac{1}{\beta x})^{11}$ and the co-efficient of x^{-9} are equal, then $(\alpha\beta)^2$ is equal to .)

89) Suppose f is a function satisfying $f(x + y) = f(x) + f(y)$ for all $x, y \in \mathbb{N}$ and $f(1) = \frac{1}{5}$. If $\sum_{n=1}^m \frac{f(n)}{n(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{1}{12}$ then m is equal to)

90) Let $a_1, a_2, a_3 \dots$ be a GP of increasing positive numbers. If the product of fourth and sixth terms is 9 and the sum of fifth and seventh terms is 24, then $a_1 a_9 + a_2 a_4 a_9 + a_5 + a_7$ is equal to)