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FULL SYLLABUS

Marks : 300

#### PHYSICS

- 1) Which one of the following statement is not correct in the case of light emitting diodes? A. It is a heavily doped p-n junction.
  - B. It emits light only when it is forward biased.
  - C. It emits light only when it is reverse biased.

D. The energy of the light emitted is equal to or slightly less than the energy gap of the semiconductor used.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

a)	Α	b)	С
c)	В	d)	C and D

2) Which of the following are true?

A. Speed of light in vacuum is dependent on the direction of propagation.

B. Speed of light in a medium is independent of the wavelength of light.

C. The speed of light is independent of the motion of the source.

D. The speed of light in a medium is independent of intensity.

### Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

a)	B and D only	<ul><li>b) B and C only</li></ul>
c)	A and C only	d) C and D only

3) Surface tension of a soap bubble is  $2.0 \times 10^{-2}$ Nm<sup>-1</sup>. Work done to increase the radius of soap bubble from 3.5 cm to 7 cm will be:

Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ b)  $5.76 imes 10^{-4}$  J a)  $0.72 \times 10^{-4}$  J c)  $18.48 \times 10^{-4}$  J d)  $9.24 \times 10^{-4}$  J

- 4) If a radioactive element having half-life of 30 min is undergoing beta decay, the fraction of radioactive element remains undecayed after 90 min. will be
  - b)  $\frac{1}{16}$ d)  $\frac{1}{8}$ a)  $\frac{1}{4}$ c)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- 5) A person observes two moving trains, 'A' reaching the station and 'B' leaving the station with equal speed of 30 m/s. If both trains emit sounds with frequency 300 Hz. (Speed of sound: 330 m/s) approximate difference of frequencies heard by the person will be:

a)	10 Hz	b)	55 Hz
c)	80 Hz	d)	33 Hz

- 6) The threshold wavelength for photoelectric emission from a material is 5500 Å. Photoelectrons will be emitted, when this material is illuminated with monochromatic radiation from a
  - A. 75 W infra-red lamp
  - B. 10 W infra-red lamp
  - C. 75 W ultra-violet lamp
  - D. 10 W ultra-violet lamp

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- a) Conly b) B and C only
- c) A and D only d) C and D only
- 7) A block of mass m slides down the plane inclined at angle 30° with an acceleration  $\frac{g}{4}$ . The value of coefficient of kinetic friction will be:

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{\frac{2\sqrt{3}+1}{2}}$$

a)

c)

b)  $\frac{2\sqrt{3}-1}{2}$ d)  $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ 

- 8) Two particles of equal mass 'm' move in a circle of radius 'r' under the action of their mutual gravitational attraction. The speed of each particle will be:
  - a)  $\sqrt{\frac{Gm}{4r}}$ c)  $\sqrt{\frac{Gm}{2r}}$
- b)  $\sqrt{\frac{4Gm}{r}}$ d)  $\sqrt{\frac{Gm}{r}}$
- 9) The magnitude of magnetic induction at mid point O due to current arrangement as shown in Fig will be



10) Given below are two statements: One in labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.

Assertion A: If dQ and dW represent the heat supplied to the system and the work done on the system respectively. Then according to the first law of thermodynamics dQ = dU - dW.

Reason R: First law of thermodynamics is based on law of conservation of energy.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- a) A is not correct but R is correct
- b) A is correct but R is not correct
- c) Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A
- d) Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A

11) Match List I with List II:

	List I (Physical Quantity)		List II (Dimensional Formula)
a.	Pressure gradient	i.	[M°L <sup>2</sup> T <sup>-2</sup> ]
b.	Energy density	ii.	$[M^{1}L^{-1}T^{-2}]$
с.	Electric Field	iii.	$[M^{1}L^{-2}T^{-2}]$
d.	Latent heat	iv.	$\begin{bmatrix} M^{1}L^{1}T^{-3}A^{-} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- a) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
- b) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I
- c) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
- d) A-II, B-III, C-IV. D-I
- 12) Find the mutual inductance in the arrangement, when a small circular loop of wire of radius 'R' is placed inside a large square loop of wire of side L (L >> R). The loops are coplanar and their centres coincide.



<sup>13)</sup> A single current carrying loop of wire carrying current I flowing in anticlockwise direction seen from +ve z direction and lying in xy plane is shown in figure. The plot of  $\hat{j}$  component of magnetic field (By) at a distance 'a' (less than radius of the coil) and on yz plane vs z coordinate looks like



14) In Young's double slit experiment, two slits are illuminated with a light of wavelength 800 nm. The line joining A<sub>1</sub>P is perpendicular to A<sub>1</sub>A<sub>2</sub> as shown in the figure. If the first minimum is detected at P, the value of slits separation 'a' will be :



The distance of screen from slits D = 5 cm

- a) 0.4 mmc) 0.1 mm
- b) 0.5 mm d) 0.2 mm

15) A bicycle tyre is filled with air having pressure of 270 kPa at 27°C. The approximate pressure of the air in the tyre when the temperature increases to 36°C is
a) 278 kPa
b) 262 kPa

a)	278 kPa	b)	262 kPa
c)	270 kPa	d)	360 kPa

<sup>16)</sup> If the height of transmitting and receiving antennas are 80 m each, the maximum line of sight distance will be: Given: Earth's radius =  $6.4 \times 10^6$  m

a)	36 km	b)	64 km
c)	32 km	d)	28 km

17) A stone is projected at angle 30° to the horizontal. The ratio of kinetic energy of the stone at point of projection to its kinetic energy at the highest point of flight will be-

a)	4:3	b) 4:1	
c)	1:2	d) 1:4	

18) In a cuboid of dimension 2L × 2L × L, a charge q is placed at the center of the surface 'S' having area of 4 L<sup>2</sup>. The flux through the opposite surface to 'S' is given by

- )	$\overline{q}$	<b>b</b> .)	q
a)	$6 \in 0$	D)	$\overline{2\in_0}$
- \	$q^{}$	-11	$q^{-}$
C)	$12 \in_0$	a)	$3\in_0$

- <sup>19)</sup> A car is moving on a horizontal curved road with radius 50 m. The approximate maximum speed of car will be, if friction between tyres and road is 0.34. [take g = 10 ms<sup>-2</sup>] a)  $13 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ b)  $3.4 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ 
  - c) 22.4 ms<sup>-1</sup> d) 17 ms<sup>-1</sup>
- 20) Ratio of thermal energy released in two resistors R and 3R connected in parallel in an electric circuit is:

a)	1:27	b) 1:3
c)	1:1	d) 3:1

21) A solid sphere of mass 2 kg is making pure rolling on a horizontal surface with kinetic energy 2240 J. The velocity of centre of mass of the sphere will be \_\_\_\_\_ ms<sup>-1</sup>.

- <sup>22</sup>) In a metre bridge experiment the balance point is obtained if the gaps are closed by 2  $\Omega$  and 3  $\Omega$ . A shunt of X  $\Omega$  is added to 3  $\Omega$  resistor to shift the balancing point by 22.5 cm. The value of X is
  - )
- 23) A body cools from 60°C to 40°C in 6 minutes. If, temperature of surroundings is 10°C. Then, after the next 6 minutes, its temperature will be
   °C.
  - )
- 24) A 0.4 kg mass takes 8s to reach ground when dropped from a certain height 'P' above surface of earth. The loss of potential energy in the last second of fall is \_\_\_\_\_\_ J. (Take g = 10 m/s<sup>2</sup>)
  )
- 25) A tennis ball is dropped on to the floor from a height of 9.8 m. It rebounds to a height 5.0 m. Ball comes in contact with the floor for 0.2s. The average acceleration during contact is  $\_$ ms<sup>-2</sup>.

(Given g = 10 ms<sup>-2</sup>)

26) A point charge  $q_1 = 4q_0$  is placed at origin. Another point charge  $q_2 = -q_0$  is placed at x =12 cm. Charge of proton is  $q_0$ . The proton is placed on x axis so that the electrostatic force on the proton is zero. In this situation, the position of the proton from the origin is \_\_\_\_\_ cm. 27) As shown in the figure, three identical polaroids  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$  and  $P_3$  are placed one after another. The pass axis of  $P_2$  and  $P_3$  are inclined at angle of 60° and 90° with respect to axis of  $P_1$ . The source S has an intensity of  $256 \frac{W}{m^2}$ 



- 28) A certain elastic conducting material is stretched into a circular loop. It is placed with its plane perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field B = 0.8 T. When released the radius of the loop starts shrinking at a constant rate of 2 cms<sup>-1</sup>. The induced emf in the loop at an instant when the radius of the loop is 10 cm will be mV.

)

- 29) A radioactive element  $^{242}_{92}X$  emits two  $\alpha$ particles, one electron and two positrons. The
  product nucleus is represented by  $^{234}_{\ P}Y$ . The
  value of P is
  )
- 30) Two simple harmonic waves having equal amplitudes of 8 cm and equal frequency of 10 Hz are moving along the same direction. The resultant amplitude is also 8 cm. The phase difference between the individual waves is degree.

)

### CHEMISTRY

31) During the borax bead test with CuSO<sub>4</sub>, a blue green colour of the bead was observed in oxidizing flame due to the formation of

a)	$Cu_3B_2$	b) $Cu(BO_2)_2$
c)	Cu	d) CuO

- 32) Which of the given compounds can enhance the efficiency of hydrogen storage tank?
  - a) Di-isobutylaluminium hydride b)  $NaNi_5$  c)  $Li/P_4$  d)  $SiH_4$
- <sup>33)</sup> Which of the following salt solutions would coagulate the colloid solution formed when FeCl<sub>3</sub> is added to NaOH solution, at the fastest rate?

a)	10 mL of 0.15 mol $dm^{-3}$ CaCl <sub>2</sub>	b)	$10 \text{ mL of } 0.1 \text{ mol}$ $dm^{-3} Na_2SO_4$
c)	10 mL of 0.1 mol $dm^{-3}$ Ca <sub>3</sub> (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	d)	10 mL of 0.2 mol dm <sup><math>-3</math></sup> AlCl <sub>3</sub>

34) Identify the correct order for the given property for following compounds.

(A)	Boiling Point: $\frown cl < \frown cl < \frown cl$
(B)	Density: $\gamma_{Br} < \gamma_{Cl} < \gamma_{I}$
(C)	Boiling Point: $rac{}_{Br} < rac{}_{Br}^{Br} < rac{}_{Br}^{Br}$
(D)	Density: $\gamma_{\rm Br} I < \gamma_{\rm Br} Br < \gamma_{\rm Br}^{\rm Cl}$
(E)	Boiling Point: ~~ CI > L CI > L CI
Choos	se the correct answer from the option given
DEIOW	<b>.</b>

- a) (B), (C) and (D) only
  b) (A), (C) and (E) only
  c) (A), (B) and (E) only
  d) (A), (C) and (D) only
- 35) Compound that will give positive Lassaigne's test for both nitrogen and halogen is:

<sub>a)</sub> NH <sub>4</sub> Cl	b) NH2OH.HCl
a) –	N) <del>-</del>

c) CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>HCl d) N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>.HCl

36) The increasing order of pK<sub>a</sub> for the following phenols is

(A) 2, 4-Dinitrophenol

- (B) 4-Nitrophenol
- (C) 2, 4, 5-Trimethylphenol

(D) Phenol

(E) 3-Chlorophenol

# Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

a)	C, D, E, B, A	b)	A, B, E, D, C
c)	C, E, D, B, A	d)	A, E, B, D, C

- 37) The reaction representing the Mond process for metal refining is
  - $\begin{array}{l} \text{a)} \quad ZnO+C \stackrel{\Delta}{\rightarrow} Zn+CO \\ \text{b)} \quad Ni+4CO \stackrel{\Delta}{\rightarrow} Ni(CO)_4 \\ \text{c)} \quad 2K \big[Au(CN)_2\big] + Zn \stackrel{\Delta}{\rightarrow} K_2 \bigg[Zn(CN)_4\bigg] + 2Au \\ \text{d)} \quad Zr+2I_2 \stackrel{\Delta}{\rightarrow} ZnI_4 \end{array}$
- 38) Chiral complex from the following is: Here en = ethylene diamine

	trans-	
a)	b) $[PtCl_2(en)_2]^{2+}$	

- transc)  $[Co(NH_3)_4Cl_2]^+$  d) cis- $[PtCl_2(en)_2]^{2+}$
- 39) "A" obtained by Ostwald's method involving air oxidation of NH<sub>3</sub>, upon further air oxidation produces "B". "B" on hydration forms an oxoacid of Nitrogen along with evolution of "A". The oxoacid also produces "A" and gives positive brown ring test.

Identify A and B, respectively.

a) NO <sub>2</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	<sub>b)</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub>
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c) NO, NO<sub>2</sub> d) NO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

40) The shortest wavelength of hydrogen atom in Lyman series is  $\lambda$ . The longest wavelength in Balmer series of He<sup>+</sup> is

a) 
$$\frac{9\lambda}{5}$$
 b)  $\frac{5}{9\lambda}$   
c)  $\frac{5\lambda}{9}$  d)  $\frac{36\lambda}{5}$ 

- <sup>41)</sup> The standard electrode potential ( $M^{3+}/M^{2+}$ ) for V, Cr, Mn and Co are –0.26 V, –0.41 V + 1.57 V and +1.97 V, respectively. The metal ions which can liberate H<sub>2</sub> from a dilute acid are
  - a)  $Mn^{2+}$  and  $Co^{2+}$ b)  $V^{2+}$  and  $Mn^{2+}$ c)  $V^{2+}$  and  $Cr^{2+}$ d)  $Cr^{2+}$  and  $Co^{2+}$
- 42) The magnetic behavior of Li<sub>2</sub>O, Na<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and KO<sub>2</sub> respectively, are
  - a) diamagnetic, diamagnetic and paramagnetic
  - b) paramagnetic, paramagnetic and diamagnetic
  - c) diamagnetic, paramagnetic and diamagnetic
  - d) paramagnetic, diamagnetic and paramagnetic
- 43) Number of cyclic tripeptides formed with 2 amino acids A and B is :

a)	4	b) 2
c)	3	d) 5

- 44) Correct statement about smog is :
  - Both  $NO_2$  and  $SO_2$  are present in classical <sup>a)</sup> smog

Photochemical smog has high

b) concentration of oxidizing agents

Classical smog also has high concentration

- c) of oxidizing agnets
- d) NO<sub>2</sub> is present in classical smog
- 45) For 1 mol of gas, the plot of pV vs, p is shown below, p is the pressure and V is the volume of the gas



What is the value of compressibility factor at point A?

2	$1 \perp b$	ь١	1 .	a
d)	$1 + \frac{1}{V}$	D)	ТТ	RTV
2	<b>1</b> <i>b</i>	۲۲	1	a
C)	$1 - \overline{V}$	u)	т —	RTV

- 46) The correct order of hydration enthalpies is
  - A. K<sup>+</sup> B. Rb<sup>+</sup>
  - C. Mg<sup>2+</sup>
  - D. Cs<sup>+</sup>
  - E. Ca<sup>2+</sup>

## Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- a) C > E > A > D > B
- b) E > C > A > B > D
- c) C > A > E > B > D
- d) C > E > A > B > D
- 47) Match the correct answer from the options given below :

	List I		List II
	Antimicrobials		Names
a.	Narrow Spectrum Antibiotic	i.	Furacin
b.	Antiseptic	ii.	Sulphuric dioxide
c.	Disinfectants	iii.	Penicillin G
d.	Broad spectrum antibiotic	iv.	Chloramphenicol

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

a)	a-iii, b-i, c-ii, d-iv	b)	a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii
c)	a-i, b-ii, c-iv, d-iii	d)	a-iii, b-i, c-iv, d-ii

#### 48) The bond dissociation energy is highest for

a) 
$$F_2$$
 b)  $I_2$   
c)  $Br_2$  d)  $Cl_2$ 

49) Match List I with List II

	List I		List II
	(Reaction)		(Reagents)
a.	Hoffmann Degradation	i.	Conc. KOH, $\Delta$
b.	Clemenson reduction	ii.	CHCl <sub>3</sub> , NaOH/H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>⊕</sup>
C.	Cannizaro reaction	iii.	Br <sub>2</sub> , NaOH
d.	Reimer- Tiemann Reaction	iv.	Zn-Hg/HCl

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

 a) a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii
 b) a-ii, b-iv, c-i, d-iii

 c) a-ii, b-i, c-iii, d-iv
 d) a-iii, b-iv, c-ii, d-i

## 50) The major product 'P' for the following sequence of reactions is :

	1) Zn/Hg HCl	P'
rn <sup>2</sup> - Mn <sub>2</sub>	2) LiAl $H_4$	major product
	3) H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup>	



- 51) Consider the following reaction approaching equilibrium at 27°C and 1 atm pressure
  - $A+B \mathop{\rightleftharpoons}\limits_{k_r=10^2}^{k_f=10^3} C+D$

The standard Gibb's energy change  $(\Delta_r G^{\Theta})$  at 27°C is (–) \_\_\_\_\_ kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> (Nearest integer). (Given : R = 8.3 J K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> and ln 10 = 2.3)

(Given : R = 8.3 J K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> and In 10 = 2.3)

52) Following chromatogram was developed by adsorption of compound 'A' on a 6 cm TLC glass plate. Retardation factor of the compound 'A' is



53) Water decomposes at 2300 K

 $H_2Oigg(gigg)+H_2igg(gigg)+rac{1}{2}O_2igg(gigg)$ 

The percent of water decomposing at 2300 K and 1 bar is \_\_\_\_\_ (Nearest integer).

Equilibrium constant for the reaction is  $2\times 10^ ^3$  at 2300 K.

- 54) For certain chemical reaction X → Y, the rate of formation of product is plotted against the time as shown in the figure. The number of <u>correct</u> statement/s from the following is
  - A. Over all order of this reaction is one

B. Order of this reaction can't be determined

C. In region I and III, the reaction is of first and zero order respectively

D. In region II, the reaction is of first order

E. In region II, the order of reaction is in the range of 0.1 to 0.9

)

)

55) Following figure shows dependence of molar conductance of two electrolytes on concentration. Am is the limiting molar conductivity.



The number of incorrect statement(s) from the following is.

(A)  $\Lambda \overset{o}{m}$  for electrolyte A is obtained by extrapolation

(B) For electrolyte B,  $\Lambda m$  vs  $\sqrt{c}$  graph is a straight line with intercept equal to  $\Lambda m^{o}$ 

(C) At infinite dilution, the value of degree of dissociation approaches zero

for electrolyte B.

)

(D)  $\Lambda \overset{o}{m}$  for any electrolyte A or B can be calculated using for  $\lambda^{\circ}$  individual ions )

56) Solid Lead nitrate is dissolved in 1 litre of water. The solution was found to boil at 100.15° C. When 0.2 mol of NaCl is added to the resulting solution, it was observed that the solution froze at -0.8° C. The solubility product of PbCl<sub>2</sub> formed is \_\_\_\_\_\_ × 10<sup>-6</sup> at 298 K. (Nearest integer)

Given :  $K_b = 0.5 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$  and  $K_f = 1.8 \text{ K kg}$  mol<sup>-1</sup>. Assume molality to be equal to molarity in all cases.

- 57) The number of molecules or ions from the following, which do not have odd number of electrons are \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  A. NO<sub>2</sub>
  B. ICl<sub>4</sub>
  C. BrF<sub>3</sub>
  D. ClO<sub>2</sub>
  - E. NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>

F. NO

- )
- 58) The sum of bridging carbonyls in W(CO)<sub>6</sub> and Mn<sub>2</sub> (CO)<sub>10</sub> is \_\_\_\_\_
  - )
- 59) 17 mg of hydrocarbon (M.F. C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>) takes up 8.40 mL of the H<sub>2</sub> gas measured at 0°C and 760 mm of Hg. Ozonolysis of the same hydrocarbon yields

The number of double bond/s present in the hydrocarbon is

60) Millimoles of calcium hydroxide required to produce 100 mL of the aqueous solution of pH 12 is x × 10<sup>-1</sup>. The value of x is \_\_\_\_\_ (Nearest integer).

Assume complete dissociation.

### MATHEMATICS

61) Let 
$$f(\theta) = 3\left(\sin^4\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \theta\right) + \sin^4\left(3\pi + \theta\right)\right) - 2(1 - \sin^2 2\theta)$$
 and  $S = \left\{\theta \in \left[0, \pi\right] : f' = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right\}$ . If  
 $4\beta = \sum_{\theta \in S} \theta$ , then  $f(\beta)$  is equal to  
a)  $\frac{11}{8}$  b)  $\frac{3}{2}$   
c)  $\frac{9}{8}$  d)  $\frac{5}{4}$ 

#### 62) If the vectors

 $\overrightarrow{a} = \lambda \hat{i} + \mu \hat{j} + 4\hat{k}, \ \overrightarrow{b} = -2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ and  $\overrightarrow{c} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}$  are coplanar and the projection of  $\overrightarrow{a}$  on the vector  $\overrightarrow{b}$  is  $\sqrt{54}$ units, then the sum of all possible values of  $\lambda + \mu$  is equal to

a)	18	b)	0
c)	6	d)	24

63) A light ray emits from the origin making an angle 30° with the positive x-axis. After getting reflected by the line x + y = 1, if this ray intersects x-axis at Q, then the abscissa of Q is

a) 
$$\frac{2}{(\sqrt{3}-1)}$$
  
b)  $\frac{2}{3+\sqrt{3}}$   
c)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}$   
d)  $\frac{2}{3-\sqrt{3}}$ 

64) Let y = f(x) be the Solution of the differential equations  $y(x + 1)dx - x^2dy = 0$ , y(1) = e.

Then  $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})$  is equal to a) 0 b)  $e^2$ 

- /	-	/
c)	$\frac{1}{e^2}$	d)

65) Let  $f(x) = x + \frac{a}{\pi^2 - 4} \sin x + \frac{b}{\pi^2 - 4} \cos x, \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}$ 

R be a function which satisfies

 $f(x) = x + \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(x + y) f(y) dy$ . Then (a + b) is equal to a)  $-2\pi(\pi - 2)$  b)  $-\pi(\pi - 2)$ 

c)  $-2\pi(\pi+2)$  d)  $-\pi(\pi+2)$ 

66) Let [x] denote the greatest integer  $\leq$  x. Consider the function f(x) = max(x<sup>2</sup>, 1 + [x]). Then the value of the integral  $\int_{0}^{2} f(x) dx$  is a)  $\frac{1+5\sqrt{2}}{3}$  b)  $\frac{5+4\sqrt{2}}{3}$ c)  $\frac{4+5\sqrt{2}}{3}$  d)  $\frac{8+4\sqrt{2}}{3}$ 

- 67) Let  $f: \mathbf{R} \to \mathbf{R}$  be a function such that  $f(x) \frac{x^2+2x+1}{x^2+1}$ . Then
  - a) f(x) is one-one in  $[1, \infty)$  but not in  $(-\infty, \infty)$
  - b) f(x) is one-one in  $(-\infty, \infty)$
  - c) f(x) is many-one in  $(-\infty, -1)$
  - d) f(x) is many-one in  $(1, \infty)$

68) Let  $\Delta$  be the area of the region {(x, y)  $\in \mathbb{R}^2$  :  $x^2 + y^2 \le 21, y^2 \le 4x, x \ge 1$ }. Then  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \Delta - 21 \sin^{-1} \frac{2}{\sqrt{7}} \right)$  is equal to a)  $2\sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{3}$  b)  $2\sqrt{3} - \frac{2}{3}$ c)  $\sqrt{3} - \frac{2}{3}$  d)  $\sqrt{3} - \frac{4}{3}$ 69) Let  $A = \left\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y \ge 0, 2x \\ \le y \le y \le \sqrt{4 - (x - 1)^2} \right\}$  and  $A = \left\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} : 0 \le y \\ \le \min\left\{ 2x, \sqrt{4 - (x - 1)^2} \right\} \right\}$ 

Then the ratio of the area of A to the area of B is

a) 
$$\frac{\pi - 1}{\pi + 1}$$
 b)  $\frac{\pi + 1}{\pi - 1}$   
c)  $\frac{\pi}{\pi - 1}$  d)  $\frac{\pi}{\pi + 1}$ 

- <sup>70)</sup> For two non-zero complex numbers z<sub>1</sub> and z<sub>2</sub>, if Re(z<sub>1</sub> z<sub>2</sub>) = 0 and Re(z<sub>1</sub> + z<sub>2</sub>) = 0, then which of the following are possible?
  A. Im(z<sub>1</sub>) > 0 and Im(z<sub>2</sub>) > 0
  B. Im(z<sub>1</sub>) < 0 and Im(z<sub>2</sub>) > 0
  - C.  $Im(z_1) > 0$  and  $Im(z_2) < 0$
  - D.  $Im(z_1) < 0$  and  $Im(z_2) < 0$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

a)	B and C	b)	B and D
c)	A and B	d)	A and C

71) Let x = 2 be a root of the equation  $x^2 + px + q = 0$  and

$$f\left(x
ight) = egin{cases} rac{1-\cos(x^2-4px+q^2+8q+16)}{(x-2p)^4}, \ x 
eq 2p \ 0 \ x = 2p \ \end{pmatrix}$$
Then  $\lim_{x o 2p^+} \left[f\left(x
ight)
ight]$ 

where  $[\cdot]$  denotes greatest integer function, is

a)	-1	b)	2
c)	1	d)	0

- <sup>72)</sup> Fifteen football players of a club-team are given 15 T-shirts with their names written on the backside. If the players pick up the T-shirts randomly, then the probability that at least 3 players pick the correct T-shirt is
  - a)  $\frac{5}{24}$  b)  $\frac{5}{36}$ c)  $\frac{1}{6}$  d)  $\frac{2}{15}$
- 73) Three rotten apples are mixed accidently with seven good apples and four apples are drawn one by one without replacement. Let the random variable X denote the number of rotten apples. If  $\mu$ and  $\sigma^2$  represent mean and variance of X, respectively, then 10 ( $\mu^2 + \sigma^2$ ) is equal to a) 30 b) 25 c) 20 d) 250
- 74) The domain of  $f\left(x\right) = \frac{\log_{(x+1)}(x-2)}{e^{2\log_e x} (2x+3)}$ ,  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbf{R}$  is a)  $(-1, \infty) - \{3\}$ b)  $(2, \infty) - \{3\}$ c)  $\mathbf{R} - \{-1, 3\}$ d)  $\mathbf{R} - \{3\}$
- 75) If p, q and r are three propositions, then which of the following combination of truth values of p, q and r makes the logical expression {(p ∨ q) ∧ ((~p) ∨ r)} → ((~q) ∨ r) false?

a) p = T, q = T, r = F b) p = T, q = F, r = F

c) p = T, q = F, r = T d) p = F, q = T, r = F

- 76) Consider the following system of equations
  - $\alpha x + 2y + z = 1$  $2\alpha x + 3y + z = 1$

 $3x + \alpha y + 2z = \beta$ 

for some  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then which of the following is NOT correct.

- It has no solution for  $\alpha$  = and for all  $\beta$  a)  $\,\in\,R$
- b) It has no solution if  $\alpha = -1$  and  $\beta \neq 2$

It has no solution for  $\alpha$  = 3 and for all  $\beta \neq$  c) 2

- d) It has a solution for all  $\alpha \neq -1$  and  $\beta = 2$
- 77) Let  $\lambda \neq 0$  be a real number. Let  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  be the roots of the equation  $14x^2 31x + 3\lambda = 0$ and  $\alpha$ ,  $\gamma$  be the roots of the equation  $35x^2 - 53x + 4\lambda = 0$ . Then  $\frac{3\alpha}{\beta}$  and  $\frac{4\alpha}{\gamma}$  are the roots of the equation

a)  $\begin{array}{l} 49x^2 - 245x + & 7x^2 + 245x - 250 \\ 250 = 0 & b \\ 7x - 245x + 250 = & 49x^2 + 245x + \\ c \\ 0 & d \\ 250 = 0 \end{array}$ 

- <sup>78)</sup> Let the tangents at the points A(4, -11) and B(8, -5) on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 3x + 10y$ - 15 = 0, intersect at the point C. Then the radius of the circle, whose centre is C and the line joining A and B is its tangent, is equal to
  - a)  $\frac{2\sqrt{13}}{3}$ c)  $\sqrt{13}$ b)  $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4}$ d)  $2\sqrt{13}$
- <sup>79)</sup> Let  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  be real numbers. Consider  $\epsilon$  3 × 3 matrix A such that  $A^2 = 3A + \alpha I$ . If  $A^4 = 21A + \beta I$ , then

a)	α = 4	b)	$\beta = -8$
c)	β = 8	d)	α = 1

80) Let B and C be the two points on the line y + x = 0 such that B and C are symmetric with respect to the origin. Suppose A is a point on y – 2x = 2 such that  $\triangle$ ABC is an equilateral triangle. Then, the area of the  $\triangle$ ABC is

a)	$\frac{10}{\sqrt{3}}$	b)	$3\sqrt{3}$
c)	$\frac{8}{\sqrt{3}}$	d)	$2\sqrt{3}$

- 81) If all the six digit numbers  $x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4 x_5 x_6$ with  $0 < x_1 < x_2 < x_3 < x_4 < x_5 < x_6$  are arranged in the increasing order, then the sum of the digits in the 72th number is )
- 82) Let the coefficients of three consecutive terms in the binomial expansion of (1 + 2x)<sup>n</sup> be in the ratio 2: 5: 8. Then the coefficient of the term, which is in the middle of these three terms, is.
- 83) Let  $f : IR \rightarrow R$  be a differentiable function that satisfies the relation f(x + y) = f(x) + f(y) - 1,  $\forall x, y \in IR$ . If f'(0) = 2, then |f(-2)| is equal to )
- 84) Let the equation of the plane P containing the line  $x + 10 = \frac{8-y}{2} = z$  be ax + by + 32 = 2(a+b) and the distance of the plane P from the point (1, 27, 7) be c. Then  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$  is equal to

)

<sup>85)</sup> Let  $\overrightarrow{a}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{b}$  and  $\overrightarrow{c}$  be three non-zero non-coplar vectors. Let the position vectors of four points  $\overrightarrow{A}$ B, C and D be  $\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b} + \overrightarrow{c}$ ,  $\lambda \overrightarrow{a} - 3\overrightarrow{b} + 4\overrightarrow{c}$ ,  $-\overrightarrow{a} + 2\overrightarrow{b} - 2\overrightarrow{b}$ and  $2\overrightarrow{a} - 4\overrightarrow{b} + 6\overrightarrow{c}$  respectively. If  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{AC}$  and  $\overrightarrow{AD}$  and are coplanar, then  $\lambda$  is equal to

- 86) Five digit numbers are formed using the digits 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 with repetitions and are written in descending order with serial numbers. For example, the number 77777 has serial number 1. Then the serial number of 35337 is
- 87) Let the co-ordinates of one vertex of  $\triangle ABC$ be A(0, 2,  $\alpha$ ) and the other two vertices lie on the line  $\frac{x+\alpha}{5} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z+4}{3}$ . For  $\alpha \in Z$ , if the area of  $\triangle ABC$  is 21 sq units and the line segment BC has length  $2\sqrt{21}$  units, then a is equal to
- <sup>88)</sup> If the co-efficient of x<sup>9</sup> in  $\left(\alpha x^3 + \frac{1}{\beta x}\right)^{11}$  and the co-efficient of x<sup>-9</sup> in are equal, then  $(\alpha\beta)^2$  is equal to .
- 89) Suppose f is a function satisfying f(x + y) = f(x) + f(y) for all x,  $y \in N$  and  $f(1) = \frac{1}{5}$ . If  $\sum_{n=1}^{m} \frac{f(n)}{n(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{1}{12}$  then m is equal to
  )
- 90) Let  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ ,  $a_3$  ... be a GP of increasing positive numbers. If the product of fourth and sixth terms is 9 and the sum of fifth and seventh terms is 24, then  $a_1a_9 + a_2a_4a_9 + a_5 + a_7$  is equal to

<sup>)</sup>